Campbell Interurban Press

VOLUME 20, No. 26 — CAMPBELL, SANTA CLARA COUNTY, CALIFORNIA — FRIDAY, JANUARY 1, 1915

The spirit of the holiday season now at hand prompts us to express to you our thanks and appreciation for past favors and to wish you

a

Happy & Prosperous New Year

For 1915.

Farmers Union

ANNOUCEMENT

We wish to announce that beginning January first, 1915, we will deliver milk anywhere in Campbell at the following prices:-

1 pint a day per month	$1.25
1 quart a day per "	2.50
2 quarts a day per "	5.00

Special prices on larger amonts.

We respectiully solicit the patronage of all those desirous of obtaining extra quality milk that is produced and handled under sanitary conditions. The best of service guaranteed.

Call us up and get a sample———a trial is all we ask.

ORANGE GROVE FARM

F. O. & K. U. BOHNETT, Lessees

"Quality Products" Phone Campbell 22F4

With Best Wishes for a

Prosperous and Happy New Year

The Bank of Campbell, Cal.

NURSERY TREES

Best Grade of all Kinds of Nursery Stock

See Us Before Buying Elsewhere

PRICES REASONABLE

P. B. PAYNE, Agt. Campbell, Cal.

Many School Children

Who are thought dull and stupid are only suffering from defective eyes and when corrected become the brightest of scholars. My careful and scientific examination of the eyes will reveal *all* optical defects. I am at Dr. Merrill's office every alternate Monday. Next date Jan. 4.

W. E. Wyett, Optometrist.

Office 11-12 Ryland Block, San Jose.

Phone S. J. 1899

Josef Halamicek

Teacher of Piano, Violin, Organ and Harmony. Private and Class lessons. For information and rates of tuition. Phone: Campbell 18F12.

Studio:B. O. Curry Building

Residence: Campbell, Santa Clara and Los Gatos road cor. Parr ave. Phone Campbell 18F12.

A Very Happy New Year

Is the Sincere Wish of Your Printer and Stationer

HARRY C. SMITH

Local and Personal

This is 1915. Write it.

"The Quality Shop" that's us, KING'S.

We sell Shoes by the foot.

THE CAMPBELL SHOE STORE.

Jesse Hayes enjoyed the holidays at home.

George Righter is home from Monrovia for the holidays.

Roy Sawyer spent the week-end here with his family.

Sewing done by the day. See MRS. MARY PALMER.

John Preston enjoyed Christmas and the week-end at Pacific Grove.

George Beaver was down from Palo Alto this week the guest of Robert Kennedy.

Miss Minnie Atkinson went to Capitola Monday on a combined business and pleasure trip.

K. McClellan is here from Davis to assist the Bohnett Brothers in their dairy enterprise.

Mrs. Thaddeus Joy and children are spending the holidays with Grandpa and Grandma Ross.

Miss Helen Cowles is home for the holidays. Miss Cowles is attending school at Pomona.

The G. L. Beaver family of Palo Alto were holiday guests at the L. T. Cook home Christmas day.

The C. E. society will hold a watch party to receive the New Year with a cheer Thursday evening.

Mrs. Davidson and the D. H. Cramer family expect to move into their new house the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. R. K. Thomas have returned from an extended stay at their other home in Pacific Grove.

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Kammerer are receiving congratulations upon the arrival of a daughter, December 26th.

Mr. and Mrs. Laura will return from San Jose next week and move into the Mrs. Davidson house across from the Grammar school.

Mrs. May Beardsley and family went to Gilroy to spend the Christmas holidays with Mrs. Beardsley's daughter, Mrs. Mabel Segress.

Miss Cora McGuire of the High School faculty is spending the holiday vacation at Carmel-by-the-Sea. Her sister from Berkeley is with her.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Bersinger drove up from San Juan Thursday to spend Christmas day with the C. S. Stoller family on Los Gatos road.

The first bells for the church hours morning and evening will be rung antiphonally in order that the congregations may know the time of services.

The second annual Father's Day services were held Sunday morning at the Congregational church. Mr. Dickson Ervin of San Jose rendered a tenor solo.

Carroll and Lois Wilson came down from San Francisco Monday to spend the week with their friend, Lucile Alison. Rev. Wilson expects to come today to take them home.

The R. W. Kennedy family enjoyed a big reunion on Christmas day, Mr. and Mrs. Spalding of Berkeley, Mr. and Mrs. Guy Farley of Berkeley, and Avery Kennedy coming home for the week.

J. W. Brown made the PRESS a pleasant call with his season's greetings. Grandpa informed us that he has seen his ninetieth Christmas, and he is pretty active yet for one who has had his ill health.

The Home and School Club will hold its regular meeting, Tuesday p. m., Jan. 5th, at 3. All the mothers are urged to be present and see if the picture can change ownership for the following month.

Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Collins, George and Harry Parso, Mr. and Mrs. Jones went to Pacific Grove Tuesday. Mr. and Mrs. Collins have their home there but the others of the party will return in two weeks.

L. M. Beall, our genial druggist, is the first of the Campbell merchants to receive an invoice of goods sent via the Panama Canal. His State toll for the canal purse was two cents and he paid it like a man.

The Congregational Church will hold its Annual Business Meeting next Wednesday, Jan. 6, 1915. Supper at 5:30, followed by the business session. The Annual Roll Call and business meeting has been changed from April to Jan. to make the Church year correspond with the Calendar year.

The Epworth League of the Methodist Church is planning a course of entertainment for the spring months and hope to give their friends something attractive. Special musical and dramatic numbers are being booked. The season course of tickets will be fifty cents for three evening's entertainments. Reserve the dates of February 2nd, February 22nd and March 16th, and watch for further announcements.

Fablinger-Burke

Miss Winnifred Brown Fablinger and Charles Burke of Turlock were united in marriage at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Fablinger, Sunday afternoon. The ceremony was read by the Rev. Geo. E. Atkinson. Owing to illness in the family only the immediate relatives were present.

Mr. and Mrs. Burke left immediately for their new home.

Mrs. Burke is widely known in Campbell and vicinity, graduating from the C. U. H. S. in the class of 1910, and later from the San Jose Normal. Since graduation, she has been one of the successful teachers of Stanislaus county. While at home in Campbell she was an active worker in the Congregational Sunday-School and C. E. and the young people there join with her many other friends in wishing her every happiness in her future life.

Mr. Burke is a stranger to most of Campbell, having made only a few hurried visits here, but he is known to be a young man of worth and integrity, engaged in ranching near Turlock.

High School Drama

"Beverly's House Party" which the Athenaeum Society of the High School will give next Saturday evening, is a charming little play of four acts—and the playwright—is one of the High School students——.

The Setting is Bennington Castle, England. The characters are real, live people, with peculiarities and faults and habits like the majority of humans.

Beverly herself is a mixture of things desirable and undesirable. She displays a violent temper, which is gone in a flash. She is a lovable child, an enthusiastic young woman, and an impossible creature all in one. But altogether, she is Beverly, a winsome English maiden whom you will undoubtedly enjoy.

Lady Bennington, her Aunt, is the personification of dignity and pride, a typical English noblewoman.

All of the characters are English except The Count, who is a ridiculous little Frenchman, and Gay Winston, who is an American girl of the highest type. She is full of quick, flashing charm. She is radiant with loyalty to her Country. But Lady Bennington does not approve of Americans——until later.

The whole play is quick and to the point. It is the first time in the history of the School, that an original play has been attempted. It seems such a big thing to the ones who are working in it. Encourage them by your presence next Saturday night, and by your fifteen cents, which is the admission price.

F. W. Shaw, Deceased

Frederick W. Shaw who has lived for a number of years just north of Campbell on the Santa Clara Road, and who suffered a paralytic stroke some time ago, passed away on December 26th, at Seabright.

Mr. Shaw was born in England and was 75 years of age. Funeral services were held in San Jose, Monday afternoon, and interment made at Oak Hill Cemetery.

Mr. Shaw is survived by his wife, Elizabeth B. Shaw; two sons, Walter R. and Sidney B. and two brothers, Edward and William.

The sympathy of their friends is extended to them in their sorrow.

Albert C. Lawrence

The funeral of Albert C. Lawrence was held Wednesday in San Jose and the body laid to rest in the Santa Clara cemetery. Mr. Lawrence passed away at Los Alamitos, Dec. 28th, having passed his 79th birthday. Mr. Lawrence was the brother of Miss Elvira C. Lawrence and Mrs. Adra A. Keith of Campbell.

Rev. C.E. Irons delivered the sermon.

Mrs. Keith and Miss Eaton came from Berkeley to attend the funeral, returning yesterday.

Congregational Church

"The Friendly Church just around the Corner."

The theme for Sunday morning—the first Sunday of the New Year—will be "The Lost Christ." Talk to the boys and girls on "The King of Unselfishness."

C. E. and Sunday-School at the usual hours. Raymond Cowles—the new C. E. President will lead. Evening service at 7:30, theme: "He who Runs."

Come and enjoy the services with us on this the first Sabbath of the New Year. May the coming year be the best for you all. Of such a nature that you won't be averse to recognize yourself as your own Father!

A Comfortable Pew awaits you.

GEO. E. ATKINSON, Pastor.

Are You Saving

Your Blanchard Butter Coupons? Here is the premium list.

For 30 Coupons and $3.75, a 42 piece white and gold Dinner Set. Wm. Rogers & Son's Silverware.

For 10 Coupons and		48 cents		six coffee spoons
10	" "	50	"	" teaspoons
15	" "	84	"	" dessert spoons
5	" "	17	"	one tablespoon
25	" "	$1.25		" soupspoons
15	" "	84	"	" dessert forks
20	" "	92	"	" table forks
25	" "	$1.25		" table knives
21	" "	1.05		six butter spreaders
5	" "	18	"	one butter knife
10	" "	36	"	" cold meat tork
9	" "	41	"	" gravy ladle

ROLLER SKATES

10 coupons and $1.25, pair union ball bearing, any size

One coupon with each single pound of Blanchard Butter, a double coupon with each full 2 pound square. You may send the coupons and payment direct to Makins Produce Co., 310 Davis St., S. F.

Blaine's Grocery

and

General Merchandise Store

C. H. WHITMAN

Hardware Plumbing

Surface Irrigation Pipe

Building Paper Poultry Netting

Wedgeood Stoves and Ranges

Ready Mixed Paints & Oils, Glass etc.

Campbell Phone 11J

Happy New Year to All

GEO. E. HYDE & CO. Phone 3[illegible]

Commencing January 1st, 1915

for one week only

We will sell Double Disc records, music on both sides, for 50c each.

Remember these are regular 65c records. You don't have to go to San Jose to get Bargains.

Beall, the Druggist

Lumber Lumber

ALL KINDS at the right PRICES

Campbell Lumber Co.

Phone 13L

Agents for:—

Mt. Diablo Cement

REDWOOD TANKS

All ready to set up, direct from S. F. mills to our yard. Few days notice.

Small orders receive the same attention as large ones.

We are anxious to serve and TO PLEASE.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED

MILL WORK OF ALL KINDS.

BREAD

Save Money by Buying Tickets

6 Loaves 25c

Phone your orders to phone 3L

Campbell Bakery

WANTED

at the

Campbell Market

Campbell California

Your beef Cattle Hogs & Calves

A. S. Gilson, Prop.

Christian Science Services

In Odd Fellows' Hall every Sunday morning, at 11 o'clock. Subject for Jan. 3rd. is "God." Sunday-School at 12:15. The public is cordially invited.

Fancy Box Stationery at Smith's

Campbell Interurban Press

HARRY C. SMITH

Campbell - - - California

NOT HARD TO VANQUISH FEAR

According to Scientists, Deep Breathing Will Bring About Conditions of Normality.

That we become scared because our breathing is shallow and hurried and our hearts beat rapidly is the strange theory set forth in the New York Medical Journal by Dr. W. J. M. A. Maloney and Dr. Victor E. Sorapure, both of Edinburgh. We have supposed that our hearts palpitated and our breath came short and fast because we were afraid.

"Fear without visceral change cannot occur," say these doctors. "Absence of visceral change implies absence of emotion. To control visceral change is to control emotion. To minimize visceral change is to minimize emotion.

"Deep breathing slows the heart's rate. The changing of hurried, shallow breathing into slow, deep breathing and the reducing of the heart's rate mitigate or dispel fear. So long as the breathing remains controlled and the heart slow, no considerable fear or excitement can exist."

Thus, to cure terror one has but to force himself to breathe slowly and deeply. Should he be at the upper floor of a blazing house, with no help in sight, he can quell his alarm completely by slowing his heart with deep breathing exercise; or if he be so unfortunate as to be caught napping in his berth when the boat he is on crashes into another in a fog, and the captain perhaps bawls to him to procure a life preserver, he can still the trembling of his limbs and restore their carrying capacity merely by a few deep inspirations; which procedure will also enable him to swim better should he be precipitated into the sea by a sudden explosion of the ship's boilers. The lover, too, whose despairing sighs while sitting with his sweetheart are turned so often into "shallow, hurried" inspirations as he hears the quick step of an irate parent can hold his breath awhile, then breathe slowly and regularly, when, presto! fear will fly out of the window as vengeance comes in at the door.

And yet, in spite of all this weight of authority, there will still be simple persons who will cling to the now so clearly exploded and therefore erroneous belief that fear upsets their viscera rather than vice versa.

SEARCHLIGHT PLACED ON GUN

Concentrated Ray Indicates Exact Spot Where Bullet Will Hit—Intended for Use at Night.

With the recent perfection of the ...c searchlight of the pocket vari... ...eat convenience has been con... ... mankind in many directions. ...t adaptation of this device is ...by a patent granted for the ...ion of one of these lights on ...that the weapon may be made

Searchlight On a Gun.

use of at night just as readily as in the day time when there is plenty of light to point out the game or source of danger, whatever it may be.

The light has the most efficient batteries and lamp that can be secured at present and this combination is capable of making a powerfully concentrated light by which it is readily possible to make a sweeping survey of the surroundings. Once the object being searched for is located it is only necessary to point the ray of light on a vital spot and pull the trigger for the light is so set on the gun that the bullet will pass through the center of the circle of light. It is not necessary to aim the gun in the ordinary way for the bullet or charge from the gun will follow the ray of light.

Too Much for Mamma.

Mother—What's the matter with your eye, Tommie?

Tommie—That boy next door struck me, mamma.

"What for, pray?"

"He said I struck him first."

"And did you?"

"No; honest, I didn't, mamma."

"Well, why didn't you?"

Found Ring in City Dump.

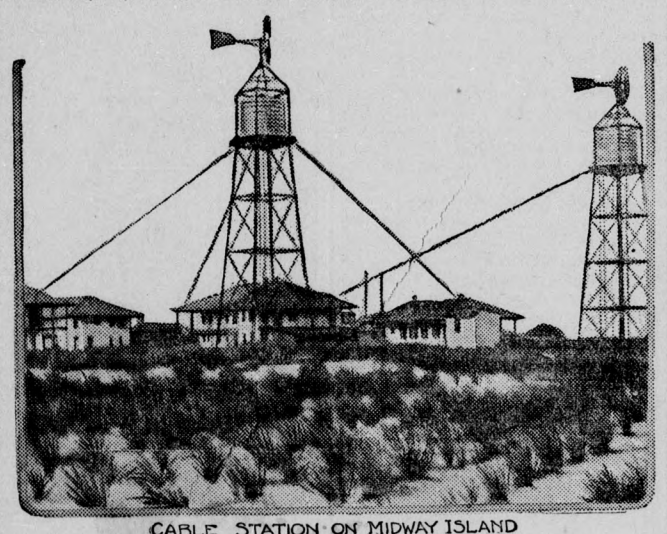
A small boy when delving in one of the city dumps at Bangor, Me., recently found a napkin ring of silver.

The name of M. C. Pierce was engraved upon it. Twenty-five years ago the home of Pierce was entered by burglars, who took about one thousand dollars' worth of valuables, the ring being among them.

Lonely Midway Island

LIFE at a cable relay station on the westward course of empire is loneliness sublime. There one watches day and night the swing back and forth of the siphon recorder of the Morse code, which brings to the cable hut the news of the world, its policies, its pulse of commerce, and every dot which comes in from the Orient must be relayed for its next leap to the waiting Occident, and every western dash must be sped onward as an eastern dash that the world may go ahead. That is Midway, a station on the Commercial Pacific cable. Few have ever heard of this remote outpost.

Out at Midway is a vedette of civilization, two dozen men and women. The sun glare is over them; they all go goggled lest their eyes be burned in their sockets. Even variety has gone from their lives in the lonely exile; there is neither variableness nor shadow of turning. Also the wind is not fitful; all day long for months on end it blows from just the same corner of the horizon and the sand which whirled in yesterday's blast will dance the same endless whirl today and again tomorrow. The rains will come on their appointed days; just so many gallons will pelt down as this day a year ago and the clouds will roll aside with strict observance of the calendar.



CABLE STATION ON MIDWAY ISLAND

Life is monotony; monotony stereotyped. Four times in the year comes a break. Once every ninety days the supply schooner comes from Honolulu, with mail from home, papers and fresh food; once in so often a new operator comes to take his trick at sending; once in so often comes the chance for weariness to get back to land where things happen and rules have exceptions.

Here in picture and in text is Midway, outpost of empire, relay station of news, wind-blasted sunburnt home of three and twenty pioneers. But there is no lack of those who would pioneer in the midst of the sea. At the executive offices of the cable company they will tell you that they have more applications for a Midway billet than they can fill. There is a five-year contract into which the operators on this distant post enter, but if the solitude proves too much for anyone on the island there are so many on the waiting list that relief is always granted.

Part of Great Bird Preserve.

Way back in 1867 the tiny group, then known as Brooks' islands from their supposed discoverer, was annexed by the U. S. S. Lackawanna because the Pacific Mail company thought it wanted it for a coaling station. The islands lie some fifteen hundred miles northwest of Honolulu and between them and the Hawaiian group is a string of uninhabited islets that, together with Midway, have been set aside as a national seabird preserve patroled by a revenue cutter to keep off the poachers.

Of the Midway group, Brooks island is a roughly pear shaped lagoon atoll entirely surrounded by a barrier reef of coral, with two passages sufficiently wide to permit vessels of considerable draft to enter the lagoon. The atoll is about two and a half miles long and varies in width from half a mile to two and a half miles, the greatest breadth being toward the southwest. The passages through the reef lie on the west and northwest sides. The lagoon is fully a mile and a half wide at its widest and completely surrounds what little land there is; it is thickly sown with patches of coral, which in many large masses reaches close to the surface, but boat channels may be found by careful steering and there is no danger, since the water is always still.

The land is found at the east side of the lagoon, two islands each little more than a mile long. Middle Brooks, or Eastern island, rises to a height of about fifteen feet, coral sand thinly covered with grass and low bushes. Lower Brooks, Sand island, about a quarter of a mile west, rises to the comparatively imposing height of fifty-five feet; but what it makes up in altitude it loses in vegetation, its covering of grass being much thinner. It is a mile and a half long, three-quarters of a mile wide.

Glaring Coral Sand.

The corals, on which the islets are based, of whose disintegration they are in fact composed, are principally meandrinas and madrepores, as shown by the specimens still growing in the lagoon as well as by the fragments in the dry soil which have not yet been reduced by the weather. The sand, which is the product of the leaching of the dead coral by the rain, is a clear white, very glaring in the bright sun and remarkably trying to the eyes.

In the center and eastern part of the Sand island the disintegrating coral has been compacted by the rains into a stiff lime crust about a third of an inch thick and forming a glistening surface which requires considerable force to break. On the immediate shores of the island the sand is about eighteen inches deep before the fragments of coral begin to appear of any size; the higher levels are apparently entirely aolian, mere dune drift of sand swept by the wind from the beaches; at any rate digging to such depth as was possible in the loose and readily sliding material failed to disclose anything but sand.

Water is nowhere visible, in fact there can be said to be no supply of fresh water at all. Pits along the beach will yield water at a depth of about four feet and this is potable. As is so commonly the case in the Line islands nearer the equator, this water is sea water, filtered and sweetened by percolation through the coral sand. One such pit will be found serviceable in general for about a month, a brief life for a well, but matter of no great moment, since another pit may be dug to a fresh supply within a few feet.

Plenty of Birds and Fish.

If the land is of little worth, the sea and the air bear an inordinate share of the burden of food for man. Small as the islets are, the number of birds passes all reckoning; one may mention a million merely as a convenient unit of measure.

The albatross grudges mankind the room to walk about in, the booby is as absurd and foolish and altogether well named on Midway as wherever found, the Sandwich tern is under foot and an excellent table bird, the bos'n-bird and the frigate are found at certain seasons on their nests, and the plover and the curlew are in sufficient quantity to find their way to the bill of fare. In the lagoon is abundance of fish, cod, sea perch, the always toothsome mullet, mackerel and the gaudy coryphenas, so brilliant in their varied coloring that to put them into the pan seems almost to desecrate the rainbow by cooking it. The trepang, or beche-de-mer, may be had with no more exertion than that of picking its dark ugliness from the clear bottoms of the tide pools, and those who have had oriental table experience recognize that it may be made into the most savory of soups. A delicious cockle is somewhat sparsely found and many univalve mollusks afford a plentiful supply of palatable foods.

In the crevices of the sea reefs which skirt the lagoon lie hidden many large crustaceans. These are rarely seen, for their habit is secretive, but a pot baited overnight with somewhat high fragments of fish is usually found well filled in the morning and the size of the crustaceans runs rather higher than our best lobsters. They lack the strong claws of the lobster; they are more of the squilla type, but the meat is very fine eating and abundantly wholesome.

LIMPY STRUCK OIL

By BELLE MATTISON LOWRIE.

(Copyright, 1914, by W. G. Chapman.)

"Rather gruesome work, I should fancy," observed Mr. Ronald Dare.

"I cannot see how you can ever smile or speak above a whisper with such ominous surroundings," supplemented Miss Eva Dare, sister of the first speaker, with a pretty little shiver of dread.

She drew slightly closer to Brock Wilton as she spoke, and he was pleased with this appeal to his protection—thrilled, too, at the presence of that bright young face and the tender spirit that inspired it with truthfulness and trust.

"Dynamite is harmless as flour when handled judiciously," explained Brock, and went on to tell the visitors of the plant, of its uses and power. When they had departed he cast a lingering look after the graceful young woman who seemed really concerned in his unpleasant environment. Then, sighing deeply as though over the sepulture of a faded hope, he returned to the little stone building of which he had been given charge.

The Vulcan company quarried a form of tungsten and ground it in their great mill for distribution to a large clientele. Brock had studied chemistry and had secured his present position about a year ago. His duty was to keep up the stock and hand it out for use, and to make analyses of the various mill runs.

The position did not pay a very princely salary, but Brock was glad to accept it. He had come from the city, where he was working his way through a medical school, to find his father and mother in a deplorable condition. There had been traces of oil discovered in the district, and his father had caught the speculative fever. Brock found that he had expended all his money and had run deeply in debt to have a well dug on the little barren farm tract. Half the proposed boring work done, the old man's funds had given out, oil finding prospects generally had receded, and Brock had to pitch in to save his father's credit and support the family.

Poorly paid, the plant on a treadmill system with its manager a tyro, Brock felt that it would be hopeless to continue the pleasant friendly acquaintanceship of Miss Dare, the daughter of a comparatively wealthy man. He sat musing over the situation when there came a messenger from the main office of the plant.

Limpy Ted Had "Struck Oil."

"Mr. Boyd, the manager, wishes to see you," the newcomer informed Brock, who closed and locked the door of the powder house and was soon in the presence of his employer, whom he found pacing the floor of his luxuriously furnished office in rather a distracted way.

"Wilton," spoke the manager in his accustomed sharp and mandatory voice, "do you recall reporting a missing package of dynamite last week?"

"Perfectly," assented Brock. "Some one sneaked into the powder house while I was busy with the men, and I missed a 50-pound package of the explosive an hour later."

"No trace of the thief?"

"None. I cannot see why any one should steal dynamite, certainly none of our men, for they have all they need to use legitimately."

"Do you think this connects with the theft?" suddenly and rather anxiously inquired the manager.

As he spoke he extended a soiled, creased fragment of paper to Brock. Across its face in pencil was scrawled the words:

"I got the dinimit. look out! I'm going to get evin."

"I found that pushed under the door of my office, first thing this morning," explained Boyd. "What do you think of it?"

"A crank or a sensation monger, I should say," replied Brock. "I would pay no attention to it."

"But I fear that the dynamite and the threat connect," said the manager. "You know some of the employees we have discharged from time to time have been surly, menacing and vicious."

"But nothing ever came of it," submitted Brock. "I will keep this in mind, though, and pursue an investigation."

That afternoon at quitting time, as homeward-bound Brock was passing a drinking resort, hoots and the sight of a struggling figure attracted his attention.

A ragged, wretched looking man was battling off a swarm of rough tormentors. They had pinned a card to his coat with "Kick me!" scrawled upon it, had thrown the cap of the poor fellow into a watering trough, and had bundled him about until he was half frantic, tearing his thin, threadbare clothing and tripping him over into the mud of the street.

In a flash Brock recognized him as Limpy Ted, a half-witted fellow whose father had been employed at the plant, and had met with a fatal accident in its service. The company had given his widow a niggardly indemnity. When it was used up she demanded that the company give her son work. This they did, but Limpy's erratic spirit could not come under the working system and they were forced to discharge him. After that Limpy hung around the works, the butt of the workmen. Some idle loiterers had been baiting him just now.

"You miserable scum!" shrieked the frenzied Limpy. "You don't know what's coming, I'll get even with you and the works, see if I don't!"

"Shame on you, men!" cried Brock, rushing forward and rescuing Limpy from his tormentors. The crowd drew back abashed, for they respected Brock, who soothingly led Limpy away from the scene and arranged his disordered attire, bought him a new cap at the nearest store, and gave him a little change.

His extreme kindness broke down all the resentment in Limpy's nature. His mood had changed and he was sobbing out his gratitude.

"You're a good friend," he said. "I won't hurt you, if I do the rest."

"Hurt nobody, Limpy," advised Brock. "In a day or two I'll try to get you some work. Stay away from the mill and forget all about your wrongs."

"You're a true friend, and I'll try," pledged Limpy brokenly and wandered away.

It was two hours later when Brock and his parents were startled by a vast rumbling of the earth and a frightfully detonating explosion.

"What was that?" gasped Mrs. Wilton in terror.

"Over in the direction of the old oil well—" began her husband, but Brock was out of the house and rushing excitedly in the direction indicated before he could complete the sentence.

Less than three hundred yards of progress accomplished, Brock came across a forlorn, staggering figure. It was Limpy Ted. His face was grimed and one side of it was bleeding.

"Why, Limpy!" exclaimed Brock.

"I did it!" croaked Limpy. "You were good to me, so I got rid of the dynamite."

"What dynamite?" questioned the puzzled Brock.

"That I stole from the powder house. I was going to blow up the whole plant with it. But after your kindness to me I was afraid I might hurt you. So I put temptation out of the way by dropping the stuff down that old well. It went off and nearly caught me—"

"Hark!" cried Brock.

A swishing, surging unfamiliar sound struck his hearing. He ran forward to come in sight of the old well. Straight up in the air fully eighty feet a great spreading spray was shooting—Limpy Ted had "struck oil!" The dynamite had completed the work of the drill, and the Wiltons were rich.

So rich that they provided for Limpy Ted comfortably for the rest of his life. Richer than the Dares even, and, on a social basis now equal to that of the woman he loved, Brock Wilton did not hesitate to ask Eva to become his wife.

The Crop Situation.

Now that the hints on the husbanding of food have been scattered broadcast, one is reminded of those old days when watchful care was necessary to be exercised to make it go the round of the harvests. In the sixteenth century, for instance, a lean year meant sacrifices for all. A great scarcity of victuals in the seasons of 1562 and 1563 prompted a typical move of the authorities of England. Parliament then stepped in and ordered all persons of whatever degree to thresh their corn and dispose of it at once. Disobedience meant confiscation. Any stack found standing in the middle of July became the property of the government. An act thus put in force held good until succeeding harvests had balanced stocks. In addition, the authorities looked to the welfare of the coming crop. A miscreant who maimed a beast, broke a plow or destroyed growing corn was liable to a death punishment.

His Stock in Trade.

The nervous little man next to the car window sized up the fat man who shared the seat with him and ventured the inquiry:

"How's business?"

"Can't complain," said the other laconically.

"What do you deal in?"

"Mother-in-laws, billy goats, the weather, slit skirts, tramps, stranded actors, candidates, politics and the like."

"Whattyye tryin' to do?" snarled the nervous little man. "Tryin' to kid me?"

"Nope," the fat man grinned. "The things I have named in a large measure comprise my stock in trade. You see, my dear sir, I am a professional writer of jokes and anecdotes."—Youngstown Telegram.

SOUPS EASY TO MAKE

PALATABLE AND ECONOMICAL ADDITIONS TO THE MENU.

Enable Housewife to Utilize Leftover Materials Which Could Not Be Otherwise Employed—Three of the Best Recipes.

Prices of foodstuffs are keeping wonderfully normal, but it behooves the housekeeper in these uncertain times to learn to make the very best use of the supplies which she obtains, so that she can supply nutritious meals at the lowest possible cost. Soups provide a great deal of nutrition, and in making them cooked bones, whether of meat or fish, make a really good basis for the stock, while the water in which vegetables have been cooked is also excellent for soups.

Into the stock pot can go all meat trimmings, bones, carcasses and giblets of poultry and game, all rinds and trimmings of tongue, ham and bacon, all liquids in which meat or vegetables have been cooked and all strippings of vegetables.

All these should be properly trimmed, rinsed and put into the stock pot. Simmer, but do not boil the soup. Ten minutes' rapid boiling will cloud a kettleful of soup. Do not add the vegetables until the last hour of cooking. The delicate flavoring of both meats and vegetables is easily driven off in the steam if they are boiled rapidly or cooked too long.

An easily prepared and cheap soup is made as follows: Place some bones, cooked or uncooked, in a pot with an onion, two carrots and two sliced turnips, two stalks of parsley, a little pepper and salt, and pour in sufficient water to just cover them all. Bring this all just to a boil, then draw the pan to the side of the fire, and let the contents simmer for two to three hours. Now cook and blend one-half an ounce of dripping and three-fourths ounce of flour. Strain the liquor on to this, stirring well. Then put all back on to the fire and simmer for fifteen minutes, and serve.

To make an inexpensive vegetable soup slice down half a carrot, half a turnip and one onion and fry them in one-half an ounce of clarified dripping for five minutes; then lift them out, make the fat hot again and fry in it one-half an ounce of flour until a brown color. Take the pan from the fire, add one and one-half pints of stock, stirring over the fire until it boils and is smooth, then put in the vegetables, a bunch of herbs and a little salt, and let all simmer until the vegetables are tender. Lift out the bunch of herbs and serve the soup.

This is a good onion soup: Peel and cut up rather small three good-sized onions and cook them in two ounces of dripping in a covered pan for one hour until tender, then moisten with one and a half pints of hot water in which a cauliflower or beans have been cooked or even plain water. Add some slices of bread cut diagonally and season with pepper and salt. Cover the pan again and let the contents simmer for at least an hour. Crush the onions through a sieve and just before serving gradually add a tablespoonful of grated cheese, stirring rapidly into the soup to blend.

Epicurean Croquettes.

Soak a finnan haddie one hour, using milk and water in equal parts to cover, then put in oven and let stand for 30 minutes; drain and separate into flakes. There should be one and three-fourths cupfuls. Cook one tablespoonful of chopped shallot, two tablespoonfuls each of chopped green and red peppers in three tablespoonfuls of butter five minutes, add one-third of a cupful of flour and one cupful of milk. Stir in finnan haddie, add one-half teaspoonful of salt, one-fourth teaspoonful of paprika and a few grains of pepper. Cool, shape, crumb and fry.

Pickled Fish.

Cut the fish up into convenient pieces, rub them well with salt, and let them lie for a few hours. Then put in a pan with water to cover them and bring to a boil. When boiling move the kettle back where they will boil slowly from three to five minutes, but not longer, or the bits will fall to pieces. Lift the pieces out carefully and pack them in a crock, putting a thin layer of sliced onions between each layer of fish, and while still hot pour cold spiced vinegar over to cover them.

Sour Milk Johnny Cake.

Two tablespoonfuls of butter and one cupful of flour mixed with one cupful of cornmeal; add half a cupful of sugar, half a teaspoonful of baking powder and half a teaspoonful of salt, one cupful of sour milk, and two well-beaten eggs. Turn the mixture into a well-buttered pan and bake in a hot oven. Sour cream may be substituted for sour milk.

Marguerites.

Whites of three eggs, one quart of peanuts (in shell), one teaspoonful vanilla, one and one-half or two cupfuls powdered sugar; beat whites of eggs very stiff, chop peanuts rather fine; mix all together and drop on saltine crackers, brown lightly in oven.

About Kid Gloves.

Always powder the inside of new gloves before wearing them, as it makes them easier to slip on. It also prevents the dye of colored ones from staining the hands.

It is impossible to be strong and robust if handicapped by a weak stomach or lazy liver; but you can help Nature conquer them with the assistance of

HOSTETTER'S Stomach Bitters

PATENT YOUR IDEAS

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LADIES

Take the agency in your town for our tailored corset. No money required. Do business from your home. Only one agency to a town. Send references.

RANDALL CORSET SHOP
714 South Grand Avenue, LOS ANGELES, CAL.

THIS ONE AN OLD FAVORITE

Lemon Butter Served at Luncheon Will Please the Guests—Sour Oranges Also Fine.

Old-fashioned lemon butter is a prime favorite for luncheon. Here is a good recipe:

Wash, dry, then grate the yellow rind from one fine lemon into a small agate saucepan. To it add half a pint of fine granulated sugar, one fresh egg, a pinch of salt and a dessertspoonful of butter, five tablespoonfuls of cold water and the strained juice of one lemon.

Over a slow fire dissolve these ingredients, then simmer the mixture until as thick as molasses. Stir constantly. Remove the pan from the fire when the right consistency is attained. Pour into a glass dish or large tumbler. It is ready to serve soon as cold, with plain uniced cake, bread or crackers.

Sour oranges may be used in exactly the same way with satisfactory results, but sweet ones will not answer at all.

DON'T GET RUN DOWN,

Weak and miserable. If you have Kidney or Bladder trouble, Headache, Backache, Dizziness, Nervousness, and feel tired all over, get a package of MOTHER GRAY'S AROMATIC LEAF. It never fails. Sold by all Druggists or sent by mail for 50c. Sample sent FREE. Address, The Mother Gray Co., Le Roy, N. Y.—Adv.

Asking the Impossible.

"We'll be glad to handle your account," said the receiving teller, "if you will promise to keep not less than $100 on deposit all the time."

"Good gracious!" exclaimed Mr. Hallroomer, "I merely wanted to put the fruit of my self-denial in a safe place until I could find something suitable to spend it for. I have no desire to become a capitalist."

Cooking Pumpkin.

Cut your pumpkin in halves, take out seeds and place each half in the oven with peeling on. Bake a short time. When done, scoop out the pumpkin and you have nice, dry filler. This does away with watery pumpkin and long cooking.

Most Skin Trouble Readily Overcome

The Active Principle of a Famous Remedy Works Wonders.

Many people have marveled the way S. S. S. overcomes skin troubles. The explanation is the fact that S. S. S. works in the blood and the blood is really a most intricate and extraordinary mass of arteries and veins.

When you come to realize that the skin and the flesh beneath are composed of a network of tiny blood vessels you solve the mystery.

There are wonderful medicinal properties in S. S. S. that follow the course of the blood streams just as naturally as the most nourishing food elements.

It is really a remarkable remedy. It contains one ingredient, the active purpose of which is to stimulate the tissues to the healthy selection of its own essential nutriment. And the medicinal elements of this matchless blood purifier are just as essential to well-balanced health as the nutritious elements of the meats, grains, fats and sugars of our daily food.

Not one drop of minerals or drugs is used in its preparation. Ask for S. S. S. and just insist upon having it. And if you desire skillful advice and counsel upon any matter concerning the blood and skin, write to the Medical Department, The Swift Specific Co., 529 Swift Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

Do not allow some zealous clerk's eloquence over something "just as good" as S. S. S. to fool you with the same old mineral drugs. Beware of all substitutes. Insist upon S. S. S.

GOING TO MARKET

Automobile Smashes Wagon But the Amateur Driver Comes Out Winner.

By DONALD ALLEN.

There was a whooping and shouting.

"Good lands, but what is that!" exclaimed Aunt Minerva Johnson, as she stood at the kitchen sink washing the breakfast dishes.

"It must be Uncle Joe," replied her niece, Miss Jennie Waldron, as she stood wiping the said dishes.

"Run to the door and see if the barn has fallen on him."

"He's a-fighting wasps," replied the girl as she looked out.

"I told him yesterday not to meddle with their nests, but he's gone and done it. What's he doin' now?"

"Running through the currant bushes."

"And now?"

"He's licked them off with a hat, but he's been stung."

"Serves him right," and she went to the door. "Joseph Johnson, have you been foolin' with them wasps?"

"They pitched into me as I was goin' to harness the hoss," was the reply.

"And have you been stung?"

He came to the steps and showed three great lumps on his face.

"Well, that settles it," wailed the wife, as she turned about and dropped into a chair.

Miss Jennie got some vinegar for Uncle Joe to apply to his stings, and then returned to the aunt.

"I wouldn't feel so bad about it."

"But he was going to drive into the village, and now he can't."

"He can tomorrow."

"But he was goin' to take butter and eggs and 'taters, and bring back tea. sugar and coffee. We are out of all of 'em."

"But we can get along."

"Drat the pesky luck!" exclaimed the aunt as she flourished the dishcloth. "Me'n you was to go, but I run a tack into my foot and am hobbling around like an old lame hen. Now Joseph has got stung, and can't go, and it seems as if I never wanted a cup of tea so bad in my life. He ought to have his old ears boxed."

"If I could drive a horse—" began Miss Jennie doubtfully.

"Y-e-s. Say, I believe you could. Old Peter is as gentle as a lamb, and he knows the way to town and back as well as I do. You simply hold the lines and he will go right along. A baby could drive him."

"But if I meet a team on the way?"

"You pull on the right hand line and give half the road."

"And when we get there?"

"Oh, Somers, the storekeeper, will come out and hitch Peter for you and carry in the things. He will also see you started for home all right."

"It looks easy," said Miss Jennie.

"It's easier than making a pie-crust. You've been comin' down here three or four times a year for the last five years, and it's cur'us that we never taught you to drive."

"Well, I'll learn now."

"And you'll do fine. I believe this foot will be well by the time I drink two cups of tea."

Uncle Joe harnessed old Peter to the one-horse wagon. What he thought of the venture he didn't say. He knew he should hear more from his wife about those wasps. When things were ready the horse started off at a jog, and after the first mile Miss Jennie had full confidence in herself. In going a mile and a half she met two teams. She was somewhat doubtful whether she should pull on the right or the left line, and so she pulled neither, but let Peter jog along in the middle of the road. The other two travelers hauled out into the ditch and didn't say a word.

Then the amateur driver heard an auto coming up behind. She looked back and saw that it was a young man driving it.

Was it the right line she was to pull in this case?

Or the left?

Or was she to increase Peter's speed, or to stop him dead still?

She didn't remember whether her aunt had told her that an auto was entitled to only half the road or all outdoors, and her confusion was heightened by the honking of the horn.

Nothing at all was done on her part, but the autoist thought there was room to pass, and he tried it on.

Rip! Smash! Crash!

A hind wheel of the wagon was torn off, and the girl and butter and eggs and potatoes were rolled in the dust. Peter was turned around to face the other way, but at his steady old age he wasn't going to make matters worse.

The autoist stopped his machine within a few feet, and came running back. "It was all my fault, and I'm awfully sorry! Are you at all hurt?"

"Aren't you a very careless young man?" asked Miss Jennie.

"I may be, but I guess I thought you would give me a little more of the road."

"Here is everything spoiled, and I was going to market!"

"But don't say a word. I'll fix it all right."

And the young man took Peter from the shafts and headed him down the road, knowing that he would turn at the right farm. Then he drew the wreck into the ditch, saying: "I'll have the wagon maker come out and get it and make it better than new."

"But I was going to market," persisted the girl.

"You were going to trade those things at the store, you mean?"

"Yes."

"Well, you get right in the auto. I am going to the village. It's for me to pay cash for what I've destroyed. I am rejoiced that you were not hurt, but I'm willing to pay for the nervous shock I gave you. That is, your father won't have to sue me for damages."

Miss Jennie made no reply. The suddenness of the thing had stunned her, and the young man had a very taking way with him. He was handling the incidents as if the like had occurred twice a day the week through. Should she let him buy the things on the list aunty had made out? No? Then she must return home without the tea, and that was being especially waited for. Yes? He had been very careless.

"She's no country maiden," mused Egbert Chester, as the machine clipped along.

"He's from the city, sure," mused Miss Jennie.

When the village was reached he said: "You can remain here in the auto, because I'm going to take you back where you are stopping. Please give me that list and I'll have Mr. Somers hustle."

"Two pounds of shugar," Mrs. Johnson had started the list with. The young man ordered ten pounds without any "h" in it.

"One-quar' pound of tea" became one pound.

"One pound of Rio coffee" became four pounds of Mocha and Java.

There were other things on the list and they were multiplied by three. When the girl saw the heaping basket she called out in alarm: "Why, Uncle Joe never runs in debt a penny's worth!"

"Oh, they are paid for," laughed the buyer.

"But there's so much."

"I must get even for the nervous shock, you know."

The old horse Peter had jogged his way home as sedately as if nothing had happened. Mrs. Johnson was the first to catch sight of him as he turned into the lane, and she ran to the door and screamed at Uncle Joe, who was digging potatoes:

"Come here! Come on the run!"

"What is it?" he asked as he arrived.

"There is old Peter, but where is Jennie!"

"Why—why, she must have jumped out!" he stammered.

"She's killed stone dead, I tell you, and you are to blame for it. I told you to let them wasps alone. Yes, the dear girl is dead, and we haven't a grain of tea in the house."

They had put Peter in his stall and walked down the highway a quarter of a mile to look for the wreck of the wagon when they espied an auto coming.

"Gosh all fishhooks!" gasped Uncle Joe.

"Do you see her dead body?" was asked by the weeping wife.

"No, but I see her live one."

It was a joyous reunion and what helped to make it so was the part Mr. Chester took. He "took" to the old folks at once—to Peter, to the farm and to the dinner he was invited to, and did stay, too. When he had departed, after boldly saying that he should call again to learn if that "shock" had serious consequences, Aunt Minerva said to her niece:

"Just think of it, Jennie. We run out of tea, sugar and coffee. I step on a tack and can't drive to town. Joseph fools with a lot of wasps and gets all bunged up. You start out to go, and one of your hind wheels is taken off and you meet a feller who buys me a whole pound of tea to once! Don't tell me that Providence don't watch over folks that are good and heap up the measure when sellin' 'taters!"

And after a minute Uncle Joe added:

"And if I was Jennie, I'd say 'yes' quicker'n scat when he comes to pop the question."

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Real "Davy Sweeting."

"Davy Sweeting," whose real name was James Chesterfield Bradley, one of the famous trio of curates who figure in "Shirley," died recently in Richmond, England, in his ninety-fifth year, according to the London Morning Post. Charlotte Bronte denied that the characters in "Shirley" were literal portraits; but that they were based on existing persons has been proved beyond doubt. The three curates were painted with a vigorous brush, and "Davy Sweeting" alone passed unscathed through the ordeal.

Although not averse to talking about the Brontes, Mr. Bradley never contributed much to the general stock of knowledge about them. He spoke freely, however, of the high esteem in which the much maligned curates were held, and of the conscientious manner in which they discharged their duties.

He passed a long and happy time among his people at Sutton-under-Brailes, and passed the years of his retirement in serene contentment at Richmond, in Surrey.

Impressionable.

First Yegg—Handsome Hal has broken away from many a copper, but they've landed him at last.

Second Yegg—Overpowered him, eh?

First Yegg—Not exactly. The department sent a handsome policewoman after him and he couldn't resist her.—Judge.

Fundamental Principles of Health

By ALBERT S. GRAY, M. D.

(Copyright, 1914, by A. S. Gray)

MANUFACTURING HEAT.

You have let the furnace fire go out because you do not now need it to keep you warm. You have put fly screens in the windows and doors in order that they may be thrown wide open to permit a free circulation of air through the house. Thus you may avoid the heat and be comfortable without letting disease bearing insect pests in. You know that a closed room in summer is uncomfortable, and you have heard perhaps that it is dangerous as well and you are guarding against that danger. But have you reasoned out why it is so? Do you know? Do other things about your person prove and proclaim that you have acted consistently and according to known principles, or that you are just following conventional lines and habit and have done this or that because others do it?

Perhaps you are also beginning to ask yourself and your acquaintances, too, the question that comes to the mind of the vast majority with the first hot days of summer: "What can I drink to cool me off?" Curious, is it not, that the old "cure" idea jumps out at us at every turn? It would appear that we think always that we must "take something" to correct uncomfortable conditions, and it never seems to occur to us that eminently satisfactory results may be had from within.

Without doubt you would think your neighbor decidedly queer if, during this hot weather, he were to keep his furnace fire going, close the windows of his house and buy ice to cool himself with.

Probably no single contribution to the science of nutrition has been productive of knowledge capable of more profoundly influencing human life than has the calorie idea. By means of this unit of measurement food requirements become a matter of accurate demonstration, and it is proved that the transformations of chemical energy into heat and work in the animal body take place according to the same general laws as in our artificial motors.

If air is dry it more readily takes up moisture and thereby cools us whereas if the humidity is high—that is, if the air be close to its limit of water vapor saturation—of course there will be but little room in it for our moisture. For example: At 90 degrees Fahrenheit and 50 per cent humidity the air will have a capacity for 7.4 grains of water per cubic foot and a comparatively moderate volume of such air will keep our skins dry and cool; but if the humidity be 90 per cent then there is room in it for but 1.48 grains of water per cubic foot and we will heat and sweat on the slightest exertion.

Very exhaustive tests in many parts of the world by various experts on many subjects prove that the average man, kept absolutely motionless and fasting, develops 1,625 calories per day, an amount of energy equal to lifting more than 2,500 tons one foot. Note carefully that this is body tissue combustion. Food necessary for simple maintenance alone would increase this fully 180 calories. If permitted to move about the room the man would require 2,230 calories, the equivalent of 3,434 foot tons. These tests go to show it is very necessary that we should adjust and balance our food to our requirements and that intuition and guessing are unsatisfactory and unsafe methods for arriving at a sane solution of the food question.

It would also seem to make clear the absurdity of attempting to "cool off" by pouring various wet goods down our throats. The solution of the heat problem is: First, not to take more food than is required easily to accomplish our daily tasks. Second, to clothe ourselves so as to permit our radiator—the surface of the body, including the scalp—to fulfill its function. Incidentally, cut down your meat eating, unless you are a laboring man at hard labor.

Cut out the beer and the cocktail. For lunch a bowl of bread and milk, or a large portion of dandelion greens or spinach or asparagus with plenty of good olive oil and lemon juice, and some bread and butter, will keep the machine running until we get time to consider fully the food question. Dandelions and spinach are rich in iron and other mineral matter and this is the season to catch up on your mineral supply. All fresh vegetables contain minerals in varying degrees. For breakfast some fruit, a bowl of whole cracked wheat and milk, or some fried whole corn meal or wheat mush, bacon, toast and coffee, will carry you until lunch time; and then for dinner a small portion of steak or a chop, potatoes and another vegetable or two, bread and butter, a salad, coffee, tea or milk, and you will wake up in the morning ready for business. The quantity? That depends on your weight and the character of your work.

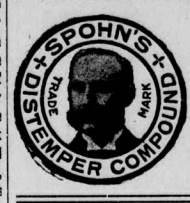
Are Your Hands Tied?

by a chronic disease common to womankind? You feel dull—headachey? Backache, pains here and there—dizziness or perhaps hot flashes? There's nothing you can accomplish—nothing you can enjoy! There's no good reason for it—because you can find permanent relief in

DR. PIERCE'S Favorite Prescription

Mrs. Fannie H. Brent, of Bryant, Nelson Co., Va., writes: "I believe I had every pain and ache a woman could have, my back was weak, and I suffered with nervousness and could not sleep at night. Suffered with soreness in my right hip, and every month would have spells and have to stay in bed. I have taken eight bottles of your 'Favorite Prescription' and one vial of your 'Pleasant Pellets'. Can now do my work for six in family, and feel like a new woman. I think it is the best medicine in the world for women. I recommend it to all my friends and many of them have been greatly benefited by it.

Dr. PIERCE'S PLEASANT PELLETS Relieve Liver Ills!



COLT DISTEMPER

You can prevent this loathsome disease from running through your stable and cure all the colts suffering with it when you begin the treatment. No matter how young. SPOHN'S is safe to use on any colt. It is wonderful how it prevents all distempers, no matter how colts or horses at any age are "exposed." All good druggists and turf goods houses and manufacturers sell SPOHN'S at 50 cents and $1 a bottle; $5 and $10 a dozen. SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Chemists and Bacteriologists, Goshen, Ind., U. S. A.

Radium Market Closed.

The European war has, for the present at least, totally closed the European market to American radium ores. As is well known, the uraniun ores of Colorado and Utah are sold exclusively for their radium content, so little use being known for the uraniun that the ores cannot be sold for their content of that element. The condition of the European market leaves the miners without a buyer; so that while the war lasts, and probably for some time afterward, the market will be restricted and without the benefit of competition. As has been pointed out by Secretary of the Interior Lane, had the bills introduced in congress been passed the United States government would probably have been in the market as a buyer, and the miner might now have a chance to sell his ore.

RESINOL HEALS RAW, ITCHING, SCALY SKINS

No matter how long you have been tortured and disfigured by itching, burning, raw or scaly skin humors, just put a little of that soothing, antiseptic Resinol Ointment on the sores and the suffering stops right there! Healing begins that very minute, and in almost every case your skin gets well so quickly you feel ashamed of the money you threw away on tedious, useless treatments.

Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap clear away pimples, blackheads, and dandruff. Prescribed by doctors for 19 years and sold by all druggists.—Adv.

To Hem Napkins.

In hemming napkins put the hemmer attachment on the machine, but do not thread; run the goods through the hemmer, turning on even hem, then hem afterward by hand, following the line of accurate perforations. In hemstitching, draw the threads and baste the hem neatly; with the sewing machine, regulated to the stitch desired, without thread, stitch close to the edge as in ordinary hemmings.

YOUR OWN DRUGGIST WILL TELL YOU Try Murine Eye Remedy for Red, Weak, Watery Eyes and Granulated Eyelids; No Smarting—Just Eye Comfort. Write for Book of the Eye by mail Free. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

Mexican Codfish.

Saute a small onion chopped fine in three tablespoonfuls of butter, then add two tablespoonfuls of flour, half a green pepper minced and a cupful of stewed and strained tomato. When the sauce reaches the boiling point add half a pound of flaked codfish that has been freshened in cold water and parboiled. Simmer slowly for ten minutes and serve very hot.

DEAD BIRD TEACHES LESSON

Turgenieff, Celebrated Russian Novelist, Tells of Touching Incident of Boyhood Days.

The celebrated Russian novelist, Turgenieff, tells a touching incident from his own life, which awakened in him sentiments that have colored all his writings.

When he was a boy of ten, his father took him out one day bird shooting. As they tramped across the brown stubble, a golden pheasant rose with a low whirr from the ground at his feet and with the joy of a sportsman, he raised his gun and fired, wild with excitement, when the creature fell fluttering at his side. Life was ebbing fast, but the instinct of the mother was stronger than death itself, and with a feeble flutter of her wings, the mother bird reached the nest where her young brood were huddled, unconscious of danger. Then, with such a look of pleading and reproach that his heart stood still at the ruin he had wrought (and never to his dying day did he forget the feeling of guilt that came to him at that moment), the little brown head toppled over, and only the dead body of the mother shielded her nestlings.

"Father, father!" he cried, "what have I done?" and he turned his horror-stricken face to his father. But not to his father's eye had this little tragedy been enacted, and he said:

"Well done, my son; that was well done for your first shot. You will soon be a fine sportsman."

"Never, father; never again will I destroy any living creature. If that is sport I will have none of it. Life is more beautiful to me than death, and since I cannot give life, I will not take it."—Dumb Animals.

Constipation causes and aggravates many serious diseases. It is thoroughly cured by Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. The favorable family laxative.—Adv.

To Remove Coffee Stains.

Coffee stains may be removed from the table linen by rubbing them with pure glycerin and rinsing afterward in lukewarm water. This is also good when cream is in the coffee.

Prevent Linoleum from Cracking.

To prevent linoleum that has been rolled and put away for any length of time from cracking, place it in front of the fire for a few minutes before unrolling it.

When Writing Advertisers Please Mention This Paper.

S. F. N. U. - - - - - - - - - - 1, 1915

Rheumatism Sprains Lumbago Sciatica

Why grin and bear all these ills when Sloan's Liniment kills pain?

"I have used your Liniment and can say it is fine. I have used it for sore throat, strained shoulder, and it acted like a charm."—*Allen Dunn, Route 1, Box 88, Pine Valley, Miss.*

"I am a painter and paperhanger by trade, consequently up and down ladders. About two years ago my left knee became lame and sore. It pained me at nights at times till I could not rest, and I was contemplating giving up my trade on account of it when I chanced to think of Sloan's Liniment. I had never tried it before, and I am glad to state that less than one 25c. bottle fixed me up apparently as good as ever."—*Charles C. Campbell, Florence, Texas.*

SLOAN'S LINIMENT

All Dealers 25c.

Send four cents in stamps for a free TRIAL BOTTLE.

DR. EARL S. SLOAN, Inc., Philadelphia, Pa. Dept. B

CAMPBELL

INTERURBAN PRESS

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SOCIETIES.

Masonic Notice

Charity Lodge, No. 362, F. & A. M., Campbell, Cal. Stated meetings held on the second Monday of each month.

C. H. Whitman, W. M.

James Fablinger, Secretary.

Independent Order of Odd Fellows

Morning Light Lodge, No. 42, meets every Thursday evening in Odd Fellows Hall. Sojourning brothers are cordially invited to attend the lodge meetings.

Robert Scholz, Noble Grand.

E. C. Merrill, Secretary.

Patrons of Husbandry

Orchard City Grange, No. 333, meets on the second and fourth Tuesday evenings at the Odd Fellows Hall. Sojourning members are cordially invited to attend.

J. E. Wiesedanger, Worthy Master.

Mrs. Edna Keesling, Worthy Secretary.

Fraternal Aid Association

Palm Leaf Council, No. 560, meets on the second and fourth Saturday evenings at Odd Fellows Hall. Sojourning members are cordially invited to attend.

MR. WM. COUPLAND, President.

Mrs. S. J. Brandenburg, Secretary.

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Hours, 3:30-5 p. m.
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Office Phone, Campbell 45J

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The wagons of the
California Cleaning and Dyeing Works
call regularly Tuesday and Friday of each week at the homes of Campbell for work. Prompt delivery.
FIRST CLASS CLEANING GUARANTEED
Leave orders at
The Campbell Bakery
R. Engel, Agent
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387 W. Santa Clara St., San Jose

Rainfall To Date

For month of October	.48 inches
" " November	.67 "
" " December	4.64 "
Total to 8 A. M. today	5.79 "
Total to Dec. 24 last year	5.63 "

Patronize the Press Printery.

Conklin's self-fillers write right. See 'em at Smith's.

Scientific Farming

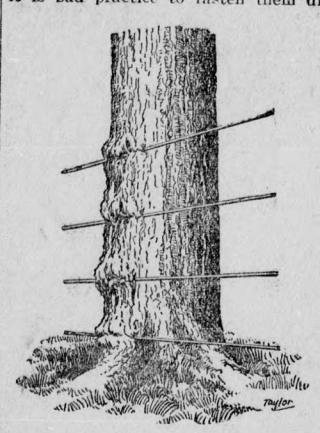
WIRE FENCES AND TREES.

Best Method of Attaching the Wire Explained.

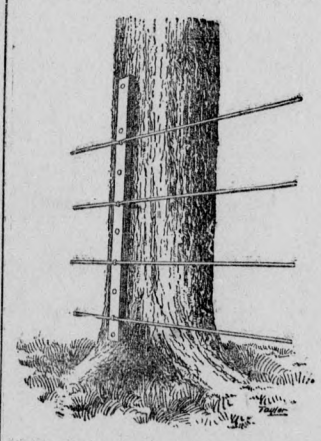
[Prepared by United States department of agriculture.]

In running wire fences it may be necessary or desirable to attach the wires to trees along the fence lines. In many regions old fence rows have grown up naturally to trees. In others windbreaks have been planted between fields, making tree lines to which wire fencing may be attached without the labor and expense of setting posts.

In attaching wires to trees, however, it is bad practice to fasten them directly to the trees, for when this is done the wire will be grown over and imbedded within the tree itself. This has a number of disadvantages. Not only do the wounds mar the appearance of the tree, but they also afford entrance for diseases which cause decay. In the second place, if the tree is ever cut for lumber either the best part of the trunk has to be thrown out and wasted, or else, if the wires and staples are deeply imbedded, the tree may be sawed into without any knowledge on the part of the sawmill men that the wires are there. The results are likely to be disastrous to the saw, and may even endanger human life. Further, it is impossible after the wire is grown over to move the fence without cutting the wire or chopping deep into the tree.



WRONG WAY TO ATTACH FENCE WIRE TO TREES.



RIGHT WAY TO ATTACH FENCE WIRE TO TREES.

A better way, and one that protects both the tree and the fence, is to nail to the tree a strip of wood from four to six inches wide and an inch or more thick, and of a length to suit the height of the fence. The wires can then be stapled to this strip. As the tree grows the strip is forced out and the tree is not injured. The strip can be nailed tighter from time to time, the wire fence always remaining stapled to it. If there is occasion to move the fence or cut the tree the strip can be pried off without any difficulty.

Government Aid For Farmers.

When certain kinds of living organisms which take nitrogen from the air are properly worked into the soil crop yields are often greatly increased, and land that is worn out is put in condition for bearing more crops. The office of soil bacteriology investigations is an important branch of the department's bureau of plant industry and not only investigates the bacteria beneficial to the soil, but prepares cultures of certain kinds for distribution to farmers, who may use them to make their farming more profitable. During the past year this office distributed enough culture of bacteria to treat about 200,000 acres of crops, such as alfalfa, vetch, crimson clover, red clover, cowpeas and soy beans.

Upon the recommendation of representatives of the department, especially county agents, the "cultures" are distributed to farmers who need and desire them. The department's agents in their distribution are endeavoring to encourage the use of legume crops, such as alfalfa and cowpeas, in crop rotation systems so as to maintain the fertility of the land.

Distributions of "inoculating material" have been made by the department since 1902, when the first practical method was evolved for preparing pure cultures of bacteria for inoculating legumes. These bacteria are called "nitrogen fixing," because they are able to absorb nitrogen gas from the air and "fix" it into solid compounds in the soil, where it is a valuable plant food.

Local and Personal

Conklin Self-Filler Non-Leakable fountain pens at Smith's.

John Preston is having some modern improvements made about his home.

Mrs. Kenfield sends thru the PRESS her greetings to her Campbell friends.

Merle Lloyd and family spent Sunday here with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Lloyd.

Little Miss Helen Beal is reported on the road to recovery, being able to sit up awhile now.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. A. Thom of Sunnyside spent Christmas with relatives in San Francisco.

Mrs. Claud Gard went to San Francisco Wednesday to enjoy the festivities of New Year's eve.

Lee Hutchins and family of Turlock, spent Christmas with Mrs. Hutchins' mother, Mrs. M. Scholz.

Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Price of Rio Vista spent Christmas week with Mrs. Price's parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. L. Hayes.

The High regulars defeated the star Alumni bunch Christmas afternoon in a ragged game by a score of 23 to 37.

Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Ringe and Mrs. Lou Dale were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. L. McGuire of Saratoga, Christmas day.

A few of the friends of the Campbell library have kindly donated a year's subscription to the Independent that the patrons may read it.

New Year afternoon the High School Boys will line up against the fast Academy of Pacific team. The local boys have not had to work much in the last two games but the Academy five will probably force them to exert themselves.

G. Gurkovitch was injured Saturday in a runaway in an orchard on Johnson Avenue. He suffered a compound fracture of the left elbow, and a general shock and jar to his whole system. Dr. Merrill reduced the fracture and he was doing nicely.

Mr. and Mrs. Ralston Alison surprised their daughter Lucile with a fine piano Christmas. Saturday afternoon Mr. Hilton and Miss Lloyd of Oakland, Miss Duncan and a gentleman by the name of Smith joined in an impromptu concert at the Alison home, dedicating the new instrument to its musical career.

W. F. Lloyd of Oakland, and his family, together with Mr. Harold Hilton of the same city, and Miss Jessie Beal of Richmond, were visitors at the home of the Rev. W. H. Lloyd from Christmas to Sunday afternoon. Rev. and Mrs. G. O. Ash and Miss Louise Lloyd were also guests at the Christmas dinner.

The Orchard City Grange held its regular business meeting on Tuesday, which was followed by a program. After a song by the members, Mrs. Meda Waite read a paper on the Exposition and Its Opening; Debate: Resolved, That a bath tub is more beneficial to humanity than a piano. Affirmative, Mrs. M. J. Wilson, Mrs. M. Wiesendanger; Negative, Mrs. Ida Clendenning; Judges, A. J. Farley, Jos. Bohnett, H. G. Keesling, who awarded the decision to the Affirmative. The program closed with a violin solo by Robert Scholz, accompanied by Mrs. Scholz.

Methodist Church Notes

The official board will meet Wednesday evening at the close of prayer meeting.

The pastor will conduct the Christian Training Class, for boys and girls over ten years of age, Wednesday afternoon at 3:30.

Mr. Harold Hilton of Oakland gave several selections on the violin in the Church service Sunday morning. Miss Irene Lloyd, a niece of the pastor, was accompanist.

Epworth League social followed by a watch-night meeting at the church this (Thursday) evening. Everybody welcome.

Introductory to the observance of the Week of Prayer, the pastor will speak Sunday morning on "The Lord's Prayer." In the evening the third address on "Prison Reform" will be given, in which Mr. Lloyd will begin the discussion of "Our Prison Population."

In recognition of the "Week of Prayer," four cottage meetings will be held during the week in addition to the usual meeting at the church Wednesday evening, as follows: Monday evening at Grandpa Brown's; Tuesday at C. P. Herrington's; Thursday at A. D. Van Arsdell's; and Friday evening at C. J. Ludwig's. The meetings will begin at seven o'clock each evening and continue one hour. This is an opportunity for friends and neighbors to come together seeking God's blessing in the early days of the new year.

The president of the Ladies' Aid desires to meet the members of that organization for a few minutes at the close of church service Sunday morning.

Mr. Lloyd has invited the M. E. Pastors of Santa Clara county to meet here Monday afternoon, Jan. 11th. There will be a public meeting addressed by several of the visitors in the evening.

Methodist Men's Muster, Tuesday evening, Jan. 26. Save the date.

Exposition Notes

The Japanese government made an original application for 144,000 square feet of exhibit space in all of the exhibit palaces. Under later urgent demands from Tokyo, Commissioner Ishii, after the outbreak of the war, arranged with the exposition directors for an additional space of 21,419 square feet of exhibit space in the Palace of Food Products, Manufactures and Horticulture. The Japanese Commission reports that the most representative displays of Japan have been gathered from every portion of the Empire.

The site of the Japanese government pavilion covers 147,000 square feet. The central structure is a reproduction of the famous temple of Kin Ka Ku Ji at Kioto, the original of which is more than 1,000 years old. The buildings are surrounded by beautiful Japanese gardens, the materials for which, as well as for the buildings, are shipped from Japan, together with the native Japanese artisans and workmen who will erect the structures and lay out the gardens. Every item, even to the stones and turf, will come direct from Japan.

The exhibits will consist of silks and the processes of its production and manufacture; forestry exhibits with models of typical Japanese forests; the fisheries, with models of Japanese fishing boats; a model of the volcano of Sakurajima, the most recent active volcano in the world. The Imperial Household has decided to loan the Imperial art collection, gathered by the late Emperor Meiji and most of which could not be duplicated.

The Chinese pavilion is rapidly approaching completion. In September 148 tons of material were landed from China for the erection of the temple within the great walls already erected. The pavilion represents an expenditure of $300,000 of the $375,000 appropriated by the government for participation in the exposition. In each of the exhibit palaces China will also be represented. A comprehensive display will be made of silks and art products and of all Chinese industries. The assembling of the exhibits has been accomplished under the direction of the governors of the Chinese provinces and from this assortment the most representative displays have been selected.

The Philippine building is practically finished and ready to receive exhibits. An extensive display of hemp, woods, maguey, sugar and tobacco will be made. A demonstration of the progress made in educational lines by the native school children under American instruction will be offered.

The Honduras pavilion was the first among the foreign buildings to be completed and the elaborate government exhibit is now being installed.

Bolivia has completed the erection of her pavilion. This enterprising and progressive South American nation will show an extensive exhibit of mining products, gold and platinum especially, rubber, quinine and its production, chocolate and other products of the tropics. The complete process of the manufacture of rubber, from the planting of the trees to the delivery of the finished product to the consumer in the form of manufactured articles will be demonstrated to the finest detail.

Cook Ranch Sold

Mrs. C. A. Crockett, M. D., of San Jose has purchased the L. T. Cook ranch on San Tomas Road. There was some exchange of property in the deal, by which Mr. Cook gets an apartment house in San Jose, where they will reside.

Mr. and Mrs. Cook, and their daughters, Miss Adella and Miss Gertrude, have many friends here who regret their change of location. They have all been earnest and faithful members of the Methodist Church, and they will be greatly missed in both its religious and social meetings.

They were tendered an informal farewell reception Wednesday evening, following the prayer-meeting. Their friends will hope to see them often, as San Jose is not a prohibitive distance.

Clifford Berry was down from Oakland for Christmas and the week-end.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Donaldson of Sunnyside were guests of relatives in San Jose Xmas Day, and are spending New Years in Los Gatos.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Thompson have been spending the holiday week with Mrs. Thompson's mother, Mrs. Flora Crow. They leave today for Los Angeles where Mr. Thompson has a position.

There will be a Rally at the High School next Wednesday evening, the object of which is to encourage the basket ball team to get the goat of the San Jose High team on the 8th. Novel stunts will be pulled off. Everybody invited. San Jose has a strong team this season and the boys are particularly desirous of winning this game.

Christmas was most happily observed at both churches on Xmas Eve. Decorations were very elaborate and pretty. The M. E. program consisted of several individual numbers, all very well given. The Campbell Sunday-School gave a pretty Cantata in three acts. Santa Claus made his usual visits and the children received their yearly candy boxes.

- LEGAL -

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

Estate of MARY SAVAGE, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned executrix of the last Will and Testament of Mary Savage, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit the same, with the necessary vouchers, within four months after the first publication of this Notice, to the said executrix at the office of L. D. Bohnett, Rooms 313-314 Bank of San Jose Building, in the City of San Jose, County of Santa Clara, State of California, where all business connected with said estate will be transacted.

San Jose, this 11th day of December, A. D. 1914.

AMELIA H. JOY,

Executrix of the last Will and Testament of said deceased.

L. D. BOHNETT,

Attorney for said executrix.

Notice to Creditors

Estate of LOUISA J. KITCHING, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned executor of the last Will and Testament of Louisa J. Kitching, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit the same, with the necessary vouchers, within four months after the first publication of this Notice, to the said executor at the office of L. D. Bohnett, Rooms 313-314 Bank of San Jose Building, in the City of San Jose, County of Santa Clara, State of California, where all business connected with said estate will be transacted.

San Jose, this 18th day of December, A. D. 1914.

G. T. KITCHING,

Executor of the last Will and Testament of Louisa J. Kitching, Deceased.

L. D. BOHNETT,

Attorney for said Executor.

Notice of Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of Santa Clara Valley Water Company

The regular annual meeting of the stockholders of the Santa Clara Valley Water Company will be held at the office of said corporation, at the Northeast corner of Campbell Avenue and Central Avenue in the town of Campbell, County of Santa Clara, State of California, on the 11th day of January, 1915, at ten o'clock A. M., for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors to serve for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated December 24th, 1914.

E. R. KENNEDY,
Secretary.

Santa Clara Valley Water Company

Notice of Meeting of Stockholders to Consider Creating and Increasing Bonded Indebtedness

Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of a resolution and order of the Board of Directors of the Santa Clara Valley Water Company, which was unanimously adopted at a regularly called meeting of said Board of Directors, duly held at the principal place of business and office of the Company at the Northeast corner of Campbell Avenue and Central Avenue in the town of Campbell, in the County of Santa Clara, State of California, on Tuesday, the 22nd day of December, 1914, at four o'clock P. M., a special general meeting of the stockholders of the Santa Clara Valley Water Company will be held on Wednesday, the 24th day of February, 1915, at the hour of two o'clock P. M. at the office of E. R. Kennedy, its Secretary, at the Northeast corner of Campbell Avenue and Central Avenue, in the town of Campbell, in Santa Clara County, California, (that being the principal place of business and the office of said Company and the building where the Board of Directors usually meet), for the purpose of considering and acting upon a proposition to create a bonded indebtedness of said Company to the amount of Fifteen thousand dollars ($15,000) in Gold Coin of the United States of America, and thereby to increase its bonded indebtedness from Eight thousand dollars ($8000) to Fifteen thousand dollars ($15,000), in Gold Coin of the United States of America, and to secure the same by a mortgage or deed of trust upon all the real and personal property of the Company to be described in said mortgage or deed of trust and to provide the terms and conditions thereof as authorized and directed by the Railroad Commission of the State of California, and to do every thing else in relation thereto to the end and for the purpose of providing means and raising money, (1) for retiring and refunding its present bonded indebtedness of Eight thousand dollars ($8000), and (2) for discharging its floating indebtedness of one thousand four hundred and fifty-five dollars ($1455), and (3) for making immediate improvements and betterments for the maintenance of service to the amount of Five hundred and forty-five dollars ($545), and (4) for raising and providing Five thousand dollars ($5000) for the purchase of property, maintenance or improvement of service, or construction, completion, extension or improvement of facilities of the Water Company, as hereafter may become necessary and as directed and authorized by the Railroad Commission of the State of California, all within its corporate powers and within the purposes and objects of the corporation.

Dated this 24th day of December, 1914.

By the order of the Board of Directors.

E. R. KENNEDY,
Secretary of the Santa Clara Valley Water Company.

(Corporate Seal.)

Committee Reports

We, the committee on finances of the Campbell Fire Department, have examined the treasurer's books of said company and find the following condition:

Total cash received, including the collections by T. L. Sharp of $81.50, and the donation of $100 by J. C. Ainsley	$576.85
Total expenditures, including balance on chemical $40	$400.11
Total Cash Balance	176.74

Respectfully submitted, A. F. Bulmore,
T. L. Sharp.

Only one modern sawmill is operated in the territory of Hawaii.

A small railroad operating an oil-burning locomotive on the Tahoe national forest, California, had a breakdown during the past summer and burned wood instead of oil for one day. On this day fifteen fires started along the right of way. During the preceding year, only one fire occurred near the railroad and it was not thought that the engine was responsible for that one.

Auto For Sale

A 1914 model Overland automobile in first class condition. For particulars call at the CAMPBELL PRESS OFFICE.

$100 Reward, $100

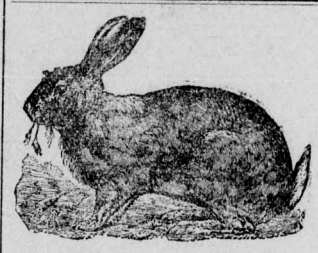
The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Robert L. Blaine
News Agent for Daily San Francisco Papers
Delivered at Your Door



For Sale: Belgian hare and Flemish Giant does for breeding purposes. Flemish Giant at stud. Prices reasonable. JOHN SPENCER.
Campbell, R. 10, Sunnyside Ave.

FRANQUETTE WALNUTS
Nursery Stock
J. H. CAMPBELL, Campbell, Cal.

Statement of the Ownership, Management, Circulation, etc., Required by the Act of August 24, 1912

Of Campbell Interurban Press published weekly at Campbell, Cal., for October, 1914.

Editor, Harry C. Smith, Campbell.

Managing Editor, Harry C. Smith.

Business Manager, Harry C. Smith.

Publisher, Harry C. Smith.

Owner: Harry C. Smith, Campbell

Known bondholders, mortgagees, and other security holders holding 1 per cent or more of total amount of bonds, mortgages, or other securities: (If there are none, so state.) None.

HARRY C. SMITH.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 21st day of December, 1914.

JOHN F. DUNCAN,
[SEAL.] Notary Public,
(My commission expires May 21, 1917.)

More for Belgium

San Francisco, Dec. 23—Another cargo of foodstuffs for the relief of the women and children of Belgium will be despatched from the Pacific Coast in about thirty days, the sailing date from San Francisco being fixed for February 1st.

The big steamer Cranley, 8,800 tons, has been chartered and will load at the following sequence ports, Tacoma, Seattle, Portland, San Francisco and San Pedro. The North has already donated 3000 tons and the balance must be made up of California products. Non-perishable foodstuffs are wanted, flour, meal, rice, beans, etc. California contributors may ship to the San Francisco Chamber of Chamber.

The millions of suffering and starving Belgians must be cared for until they can raise something for themselves on their desolated lands; this act of humanity devolves on that part of the world remaining neutral in the great conflict now raging and the neutral world is responding liberally.

FOREST NOTES

In district 4 of the forest service, with headquarters at Ogden, Utah, lightning caused 36 per cent of this year's fires and campers 27 per cent.

As showing the possibilities for tree growth in regions where irrigation has to be depended upon, it is pointed out that Boise, Idaho, has as many as 94 different kinds of ornamental and shade trees.

The Laurentide company of Quebec, producers of pulp and pulpwood, is reforesting its non-agricultural cut-over lands. It is also importing reindeer from Newfoundland, to see if they can take the place of dogs in winter woods work.